#### Testbed Overview in China

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#### Agenda

- Projects in China
- Testbeds in China



#### Why we need testbeds

- Long process from idea to final deployment
- Hard to test new ideas
- Technology needs innovation
- Testbeds in other countries
   PlanetLab, Emulab, OpenFlow, Seattle, ORBIT, ...



### Testbed with Standardization process



#### Current open testbeds used in China

#### Planetlab

- Universities currently join Planetlab
- 北京邮电大学 Beijing University of Posts and Telecommunications
- 中科院声学所国家网络新媒体工程技术研究中心 National NetWork New Media Engineering Research Center
- □ 国防科学技术大学 National University of Defense Technology
- 北京大学 Peking University
- 解放军理工大学 PLA University of Science and Technology
- 上海交通大学 Shanghai Jiaotong University
- □ 清华大学 Tsinghua University

### Why we need testbeds in China

- New technologies requires new types of testbeds
  - Network technologies in future Internet
  - Internet of things
  - Optical technology
  - Cloud computing
  - Etc
- The testbeds should support following tests
  - Network architecture
  - Key functions and algorithms
  - New services and applications
  - Performances
  - Etc

- National Science and Technology Major Programs of 2011
  - Integrated Testing and Validation Evaluation Environment of Information-Convergence Sensor Network
  - Focus on sensor network system verification, performance measurement and analyze, and fault diagnose
- National 973 projects: Research on New Generation Internet Architecture
  - Integrated testing and validation platform for new generation Internet Architecture
  - Focusing on testing tools and network behaviour generator, which is able to generate different network process and import real network behavior
- National 973 projects: Research on Testable, controllable, manageable IP networks
  - Structure, modelling and testing for testable, controllable, manageable IP networks
  - Focus on the testing and validation of testable, controllable, manageable functions and algorithms



- National 973 projects for Service-oriented Future Internet Architecture
  - Programmable, Virtualization-based, support new protocol and algorithm
  - Open, adaptable, extensible API for future internet services
  - New performance evaluation system and method
- National 973 projects for Reconfigurable Network
  - Reconfigurable network architecture
  - Adaptable to diversified service
  - Secure, administrable, and controllable

- National 973 projects for Internet of Things
  - Basic theory and design methods of Internet of Things
  - Research on architecture of Internet of Things
  - Basic theory and practice of Internet of Things
  - Focus on testing and validation of key technologies of Internet of Things, for example architecture,
- The "Eleventh Five-year Plan" for National Key Project of Scientific and Technical Supporting Programs Funded by Ministry of Science & Technology of China
  - New generation trustable Internet testbed
  - Focus on the testing and validation of key technologies in trustable Internet, providing platform for new security services and network services



- National 863 project
  - OTN based flexible and reconfigurable optical testbed
  - Focus on the testing of flexible scheduling of resources, convergence of IP and optical
- National 863 project
  - Research on Gbps wireless transportation key technologies and testbeds
  - Focus on FPGA based 1Gbps wireless transportation testbed
- National 863 project
  - New generation trustable network
  - Focus on a flexible and reconfigurable network, which is able to support the testing of tri-networks integration

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### VegaNet

- Supported by National 863 projects
- Developed by Tsinghua University
- Overlay network on top of real networks
- Provide real network environment for network layer protocol experiments
- Real user traffics
- Support the importation of link failure and link recover



#### DragonLab

- Supported by National 973 and National 863 projects
- Developed by Tsinghua University and Ruijie Networks
- Support testing and validation of different types of network technologies, network devices, and application systems
- Support virtual network experiment



http://dragonlab.org/

#### GreenOrbs

- Developed by The Hong Kong University of Science and Technology, Xi'an Jiaotong University, Illinois Institute of Technology, Zhejiang A&F University, Hangzhou Dianzi University, Tsinghua University
- Provide environment real-time monitoring
- Include more than 1000 wireless sensor nodes
- Provide real testbed for large-scale wireless sensor networks



### 4G testbed

- Developed by Beijing University of Posts and Telecommunications
- Peak rate: up to 122Mbps
- Based on FPGA and DSP
- Support VoIP, steaming, high speed data download, Internet and other services
- Supported by MOST 863 "FuTURE" project



#### Optical testbed

- OTN-based flexible and reconfiguration optical testbed
- Developed by Beijing University of Posts and Telecommunications and ZTE
- Support following testing
  - Flexible scheduling of target resources
  - Automatic protection switching
  - Convergence of IP and optical
  - ♦ Etc.

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- Testbeds in China
- Testbeds in BUPT



#### Objective

- Design a controllable and manageable testbed, supporting various testing and validation in IPv4/IPv6 network environment
- Support open, large network experiments, including application layer and network layer
- Based on CERENT, CERNET2, NSFC and other networks
- Support cross-domain experiments



### Network architecture

- Interconnection with real Internet
- 5 AS domains
- Support flexible configuration of network topology
- Support testing of new devices
- Support wired and wireless
- Support network time synchronization
- Support the extension to IoT



#### System architecture



#### System architecture



#### Core network



#### Experiment manager





#### Future work

- Incorporate OpenFlow to exsiting network testbeds
- Extend OpenFlow to support IPv6
- Develop an uniform experiment description language
- Failure injection
- Evaluate new protocols and algorithms
- Collaborate with global testbeds such as GENI and FIRE

### Thanks